

of Rs. 21.92 crores for setting up the University.

[English]

Accident of Karnataka Express

*76. SHRI C. P. MUDALA GIRI-YAPPA:
SHRI V. SREENIVASA PRASAD:

Will the Minister of RAILWAYS be pleased to state:

(a) the number of persons killed and injured in the accident of Karnataka Express recently near Bangalore;

(b) the causes of the accident;

(c) the amount of compensation paid to the families of the deceased and the injured; and

(d) the steps proposed to be taken to avoid recurrence of such accidents in future?

THE MINISTER OF RAILWAYS (SHRI C. K. JAFFER SHARIEF): (a) In this accident, 29 persons lost their lives and 22 sustained injuries.

(b) to (d). The report of the Commissioner of Railway Safety, Southern Circle, Bangalore who is conducting a statutory inquiry into this accident, is awaited.

Ex-gratia relief amounting to Rs. 1.45,000/- has been paid to the next of kin of the dead and Rs. 39.250/- to the injured.

[Translation]

Infant Mortality Rate

*77. SHRIGIRDHARI LAL BHARGAVA:
Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) the Infant mortality rate in different States;

(b) whether the infant mortality rate in Rajasthan is higher than the national average; and

(c) if so, the steps proposed to be taken to bring it down?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIM. L. FOTEDAR): (a) to (c). The Infant Mortality Rate for the year 1990, as reported by the Registrar General of India (RGI) based on the Sample Registration System (SRS) for 17 States for which data is collected by the RGI is indicated in the enclosed Statement. According to this estimate, the Infant Mortality Rate in Rajasthan is 83 per thousand live births in comparison to the all India figure of 80 and is thus marginally higher.

A number of programmes have already been launched in the country, including Rajasthan, to reduce infant mortality. These include the Universal Immunization Programme, Oral Rehydration Therapy programme, Programme for Control of Acute Respiratory Infections in children and Prophylaxis Programmes against nutritional anaemia and night blindness due to the deficiency of iron and Vitamin 'A' respectively.

During the 8th Plan period, it is proposed to further strengthen and augment the major child survival interventions in Rajasthan. The Acute Respiratory Infections Control Programme, which is implemented in only two districts of the State will be implemented in a phased manner throughout the State. The Prophylaxis Scheme of Vitamin 'A' and Iron deficiency which presently covers only 30% of the beneficiaries will be universalised to cover all eligible beneficiaries.

With the implementation of the aforementioned interventions and with the improvement in coverage levels under the Universal Immunization Programme and the Oral Rehydration Therapy programme, it is

expected that the Infant Mortality Rate, which has been reduced from 96 per thousand live births in 1989 to 83 in 1990 (SRS estimates-provisional), would come down further.

STATEMENT

Sample Registration System

Estimated Infant Mortality Rates for Major States, 1990

(PROVISIONAL)

1.	Andhra Pradesh	70
2.	Assam	77
3.	Bihar	75
4.	Gujarat	72
5.	Haryana	69
6.	Himachal Pradesh	68
7.	Jammu & Kashmir	70
8.	Karnataka	71
9.	Kerala	17
10.	Madhya Pradesh	111
11.	Maharashtra	58
12.	Orissa	123
13.	Punjab	55
14.	Rajasthan	83
15.	Tamil Nadu	67
16.	Uttar Pradesh	98
17.	West Bengal	63

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